EXHIBIT 7 FILED UNDER SEAL

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 1
                    FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
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                            MARSHALL DIVISION
     NETLIST, INC.,
                                      ( CAUSE NO. 2:21-CV-463-JRG
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                                     )
                Plaintiff,
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     VS.
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     SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD., (
                                       MARSHALL, TEXAS
     et al.,
                                      ( MARCH 28, 2023
 7
                Defendants.
                                     ) 9:00 A.M.
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                                 VOLUME 1
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                            PRETRIAL CONFERENCE
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                   BEFORE THE HONORABLE RODNEY GILSTRAP
                    UNITED STATES CHIEF DISTRICT JUDGE
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                        SHAWN McROBERTS, RMR, CRR
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                          MARSHALL, TEXAS 75670
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                              (903) 923-8546
                    shawn mcroberts@txed.uscourts.gov
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If you go to slide --

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THE COURT: But who might be a part or a member of the relevant public is not necessarily the same thing as who might be a person of ordinary skill in the art. Is that not true?

MR. SHEASBY: Well, I think if you look at the -the case on the subject, and I think their best case on the
subject is SRI International.

Go to slide 7.

So this was a summary judgment case. So the Defendant in that case was in a similar situation in which there were people who were, quote, in the relevant public who he had given it to -- he had given to them, but that still didn't make it publicly accessible. And so I don't think the fact that -- the fact that someone in the, quote, relevant public has access to it makes it publicly accessible.

In fact, if you look at their best cases on the subject, slide 19 and 20, this is the relevant public. The documents were shared with joint venture members that were maintained in confidence. Those would not be prior art. But the fact that most, if not all, of the information was available without restriction is what made it prior art.

So this -- they argued that that was the relevant public because the joint invention members were some of these same persons of ordinary skill in the art. And they said that was

not enough to make something a prior art reference. 1 So I think under the Federal Circuit case law, 2 accessibility to the relevant public, the fact that individual 3 members of the relevant public had access to the document is 4 not the standard. The standard is, based on their definition 5 6 of prior art, was it publicly accessible. THE COURT: All right. Anything further? 7 MR. SHEASBY: Nothing further, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MR. McKEON: Your Honor, brief rebuttal response? 10 THE COURT: I don't think so, Mr. McKeon. 11 MR. McKEON: Okav. 12 THE COURT: With regard to Document 209, Plaintiff's 13 motion for partial summary judgment finding that the JEDEC 14 materials are not publicly accessible, I'm going to deny that 15 16 motion. 17 I think there is a fact question as to who is the relevant public, who has access. There's too much at issue 18 here about the degree of difficulty or accessibility of 19 reaching this material. I just don't believe it's appropriate 2.0 for treatment under Rule 56. I'm going to deny the motion. 2.1 Counsel, before we break for lunch, because we're about 2.2 five minutes from the noon hour, I asked you, when I recessed 23 earlier, to confer with each other about what on the list of 24 disputed motions might be impacted by the Court's ruling on 25

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products, HBM products. And what Mr. Halbert did is he went and looked at the contributions in JEDEC to the development of the standards, both by Netlist and by others, to see effectively how many contributions went into those standards, how many of those contributions are attributable to Netlist.

There are numerous opinions in Mr. Halbert's report in terms of what he did and did not do in arriving at that analysis, and if counsel would like to cross examine Mr. Halbert on his analysis and how he conducted that, they're free to do so.

But Your Honor, the analysis that's in Mr. Halbert's report is directly responsive, both to Mr. Kennedy's analysis as well as to Mr. Meyer's analysis in which he is trying to apportion to any value to give the patents for the products that are accused.

THE COURT: Well, I have no problem with him responding to Mr. Kennedy's calculations and his responses can certainly be tested as to their reasonableness when he's on cross. So I don't see any compelling reason to strike those portions of his report.

I do want to go back and clarify one additional thing for you, though. I understand this witness is going to talk about his personal experience as a member of JEDEC, and I think as long as he stays within what he knows of his own personal knowledge is fine.

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I do not expect and I will not permit him to become the voice of JEDEC and speculate about what JEDEC would do under these circumstances and what they wouldn't do. He's not -- he is not JEDEC and he's not a representative of JEDEC entitled as an agent to take a position for them.

He can talk about what he's seen as a member, he can talk about what he understands will happen in circumstances that he's observed, but he needs to cabin his testimony about the JEDEC experience with his personal experience and his personal knowledge.

I don't think it's a proper use of him to be some kind of CEO of JEDEC that's going to come in here and speak for the body, if you will, on any matter and every matter and offer opinions about what they would or wouldn't do in hypothetical scenarios. That goes too far, and I'm expecting you not to take him there on direct. And if you do, I'm expecting Plaintiff to object. And if any of that happens, I'm likely to just exactly do what I'm telling you right now.

MR. MOSTELLER: Understood, Your Honor.

One thing I would ask to clarify is that Netlist also has their own JEDEC expert in this case, Mr. Gillingham.

THE COURT: What's good for the goose is good for the gander.

MR. MOSTELLER: I appreciate that, Your Honor. I will stand down.

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THE COURT: We will get to that witness when we get
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     to that witness.
               MR. MOSTELLER: Sounds good, sir.
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               THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir.
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          Let's turn to -- by the way, for the record those are the
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     rulings on Document 207. While the Court has not expressly
     struck any of the portions of Mr. Halbert's report, the Court
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     has given clear and direct guidance to counsel as to how that
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     report and the information and opinions of that expert are to
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     be presented to the jury, and I expect that guidance to be
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     followed.
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          Okay. So in a technical sense, the motion by the
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     Plaintiff is denied there with the quidance and clarifications
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     that I've clearly put into the record.
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          All right. Let's turn to Document 214. This is
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     Plaintiff's motion to strike portions of the rebuttal expert
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     report of Paul K. Meyer. This is one of those situations,
     Counsel, that I've referred to earlier in the day because I
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     count 11 subparts to this one motion, and that's part of why
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     we have such a tremendous load of material to get through
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     during the two days I've allocated to pretrial.
          But without further delay, let's get into this motion.
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     Let me hear from Plaintiff on it.
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               MR. SHEASBY: May it please the Court. Jason
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     Sheasby.
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1	I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A
2	CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE RECORD OF
3	PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.
4	I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THE TRANSCRIPT FEES
5	FORMAT COMPLY WITH THOSE PRESCRIBED BY THE
6	COURT AND THE JUDICIAL CONFERENCE OF THE
7	UNITED STATES.
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9	S/Shawn McRoberts 04/02/2023
10	DATE SHAWN MCROBERTS, RMR, CRR
11	FEDERAL OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
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